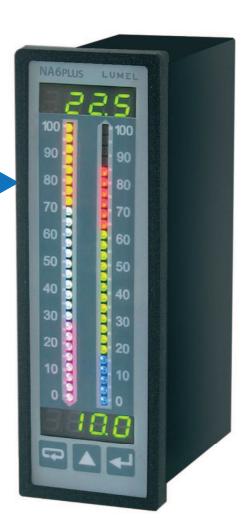


METER WITH A MULTICOLOURED BARGRAPH

NA6PLUS



USER'S MANUAL



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1. APPLICATION

NA6Plus series meters with a bar graph have a universal input designed to measure temperature, resistance, voltage from shunts, standard signals, DC voltage and DC current. They can be used in various industries, such as: food industry, pumping stations and sewage treatment plants, chemical industry, weather stations, meteorological stations, breweries They are intended for the visualization of the measured quantity and evaluation of change trends of controlled technological processes. They can also be used in automation systems where programmed controllers are applied.

NA6Plus meters have, depending on the version, one or two continuous outputs (voltage or current), 4 relay outputs or 8 open collector (OC) type outputs, as well as an RS-485 interface. The meters are programmable via the keyboard and via RS-485.

NA6Plus meters performs the following functions:

- measurement of the input quantity and displaying it on the display and the bar graph,
- recalculating of the input signal into indication on the base of the individual multipoint characteristics.
- arithmetic on the channels: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, power and square root;
- programming of colours and bar graph resolutions,
- signalling of exceeding the set alarm values;
- recording of the measured signal in programmed time intervals,
- storage of maximum and minimum values,
- programming of the measurement averaging time,
- programming of the indication resolution,
- deadlock of the parameter introduction by means of a password,
- conversion of the measured quantity into a voltage or current output signal,
- RS-485 interface support in MODBUS RTU protocol.

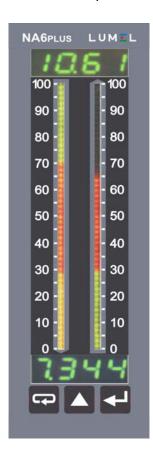


Fig. 1: View of NA6Plus meter.

NA6Plus-09 User's Manual

2. S4AI SET

The complete set of NA6Plus meter includes:

NA6Plus Meter 1 pc

User's manual 1 pc

Signal terminal strip (16 terminals)
Supply terminal strip (3 terminals)
holders to fix the meter in the panel
2 pcs
2 pcs
2 pcs

3. BASIC REQUIREMENTS, OPERATIONAL SAFETY

Meaning of the symbols used in this manual:



Warning!

Warning of potentially dangerous situations. It is especially important to read and understand these instructions before connecting the device. Failure to meet the instructions that are marked with this symbol can result in serious injury of personnel and damage to the device.



Caution!

Generally useful notes. Following these instructions ensures easy operation of the device. The user must take them into account when the operation of the device does not meet the user's expectations.

Possible consequences when these instructions are not followed!

In terms of operational safety, the meter meets the requirements of EN 61010-1.

Safety instructions:



- The assembly and the installation of the electrical connections may be carried out only by a duly qualified electrician.
- The person performing the installation is responsible for the safety of the system in which devices is installed.
- Before turning on the module, verify the connections.
- Removal of the meter housing during the warranty period voids the warranty. The module power supply must be turned off and the input circuits disconnected before opening the housing.
- The device is intended for installation and use in industrial electromagnetic environments.
- A switch or a circuit-breaker should be installed in the building or facility. It should be located near the device, easily accessible to the operator, and suitably marked.
- In the event of damage, the meter can be repaired only by the service authorized by the manufacturer.
- Before using the repaired meter make sure that it is working properly.
- Connection of the meter and/or its usage inconsistently with this manual can reduce the operational safety of the meter.

4. INSTALLATION

4.1. Installation

The NA6Plus meter is designed to be mounted on a panel. For this purpose, a $44.0 \times 137.5 \text{ mm}$ hole should be prepared in the panel. The thickness of the material from which the panel was made should be in the 1.45 mm range.

In the back of the meter housing there are detachable terminal strips, enabling connection of power supply, input signals, output signals and RS482 interface with wires with a cross-section of up to 2.5 mm2. The dimensions of the meter are shown in Fig. 2.

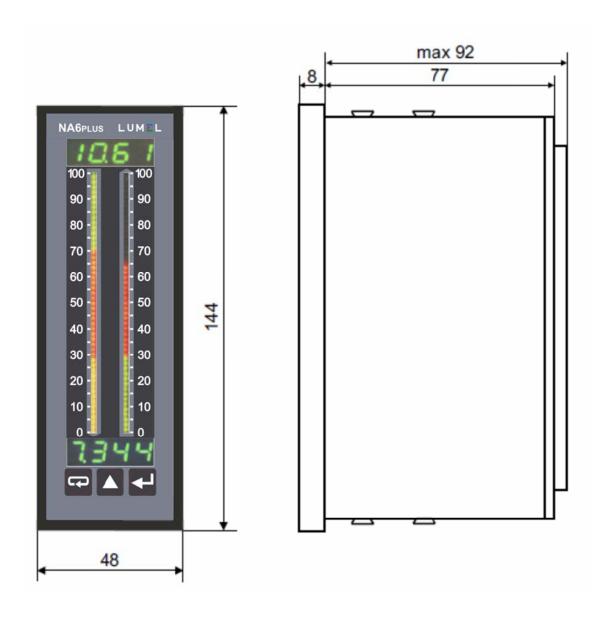


Fig. 2: Dimensions of the meter

4.2. External connections diagram

The connections of the meter are shown in Figure 3. In the event when the meter is powered with DC voltage, the voltage polarity does not matter.

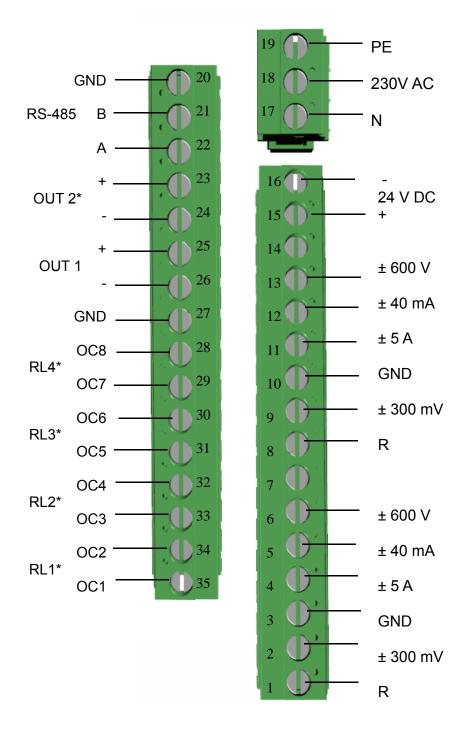


Fig. 3: Electrical connections of NA6Plus meter

^{*)} optional elements, depending on the meter's version

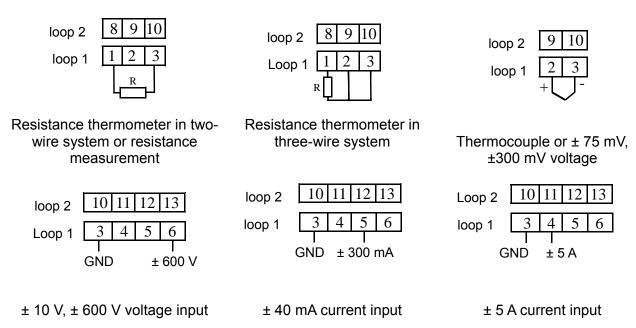


Fig. 4: Input signals connection method

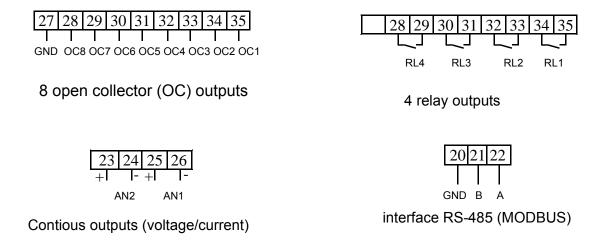


Fig. 5: Output signals connection method

depending on the version

Taking into consideration electromagnetic interference it is recommended to use shielded conductors for the connection of input and output signals. The power supply must be connected by means of a two-wire conductor with a suitable cross-section ensuring its protection by means of an installation fusible cut-out, in case of a short-circuit.

The requirements concerning the supply cable are regulated by EN 61010-1 p.6.10 standard.

5. Operation

After connecting external signals and switching on the power supply, the meter displays the type and current version of the meter program.

8

After ca 3 seconds, the meter switches automatically to the operating mode in which it carries out measurements and displays the measured value on the display and the bar graph. Depending on alarm parameters settings, the resolution and bar graph type, alarm thresholds are also displayed on the bar graph. The meter blanks automatically insignificant zeros.

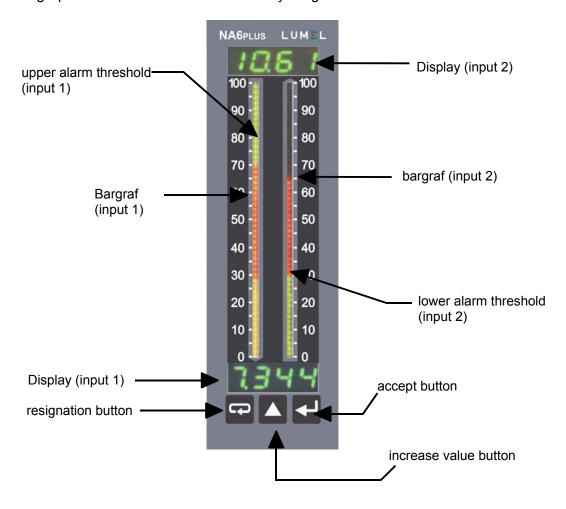


Fig. 6: Description of the front panel of the NA6Plus meter

Functions of the keys:



accept key

- entering the programming mode (hold this key for about 3 seconds).
- entering the chosen parameter level,
- entering the parameter value changing mode
- accepting the changed parameter value.



value increase key

- displaying the minimum and maximum values successively for subsequent measurement channels
- navigating the preview menu or programming matrix
- changing the value of the selected parameter increasing the value



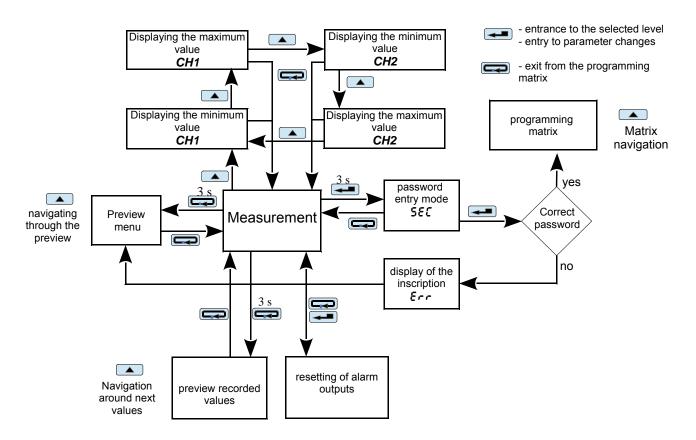
cancel key

- entering the menu of registered results
- entering the parameter preview menu (hold for about 3 seconds)
- exit from the preview menu or programming matrix
- resignation from the parameter change

Pressing and holding the key for about 3 seconds causes entering the programming mode. The programming mode is secured with the 5EL security code.

Pressing and holding the key for about 3 seconds causes entering the menu of the preview and the menu of recorded values. Navigating the preview menu is done using the key. In this menu, all programmable parameters of the meter are available for read-out, with the exception of service parameters. The exit from the preview menu is done by means of the key.

An overview of the recorded values is possible after pressing the key on the parameter in the preview menu. The recorded result number is displayed alternately with the value e.g. a320/2174. Navigating the recorded values is done using the key. Holding this key for longer than about 2 seconds will speed up the browsing. Pressing the key at any time will display the number of recorded results. The exit from the viewing recorded values is done by pressing the key.



Rys. 7 The NA6Plus meter operation algorithm

Displaying the following symbols and inscriptions on the display means:

Err

incorrectly entered security code

upper measuring range exceeded or no sensor



lower measuring range exceeded or no sensora

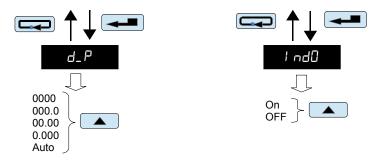
ErrE damaged error of the conductor resistance compensation. Conductor not connected or

5.1 Changing meter parameters from the keyboard

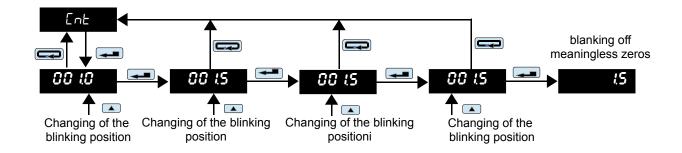
Pressing the key for approx. 3 s causes the display of the 5££ message alternately with the factory-set value of 0. Entering the correct code results in entering the programming mode. Figure 8 shows the transition matrix in the programming mode. The key allows for moving around the main parameters groups, e.g.: Ch1, Ch2, bAr1, bAr2, AL1, AL2, etc. Pressing the key on the given level, causes the entry into parameters of this level. Moving around a given level takes place by means of the key . To change the value, use the parameter change, press the key. The same key is used to exit the selected level and programming matrix to the measurement.

The transitions matrix in the programming mode is shown in Figure 9.

During operation of the meter in the programming mode, the measurement result is displayed on the bar graph, except for selecting the display test function.

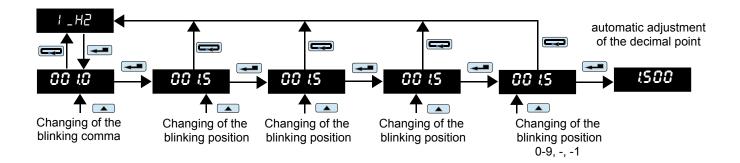


Examples of changing the value of the selected parameter (parameter – symbol)



Example of changing the value of the selected parameter with a fixed decimal point (numeric parameter)

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Example of changing the value of the selected parameter with a variable decimal point (numeric parameter)

Fig. 8 Examples of changes in parameter values

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A6A-07	

	1 5KP	parame ter 21 of individual charact eristics				
	1 HZ 1	parame ter 21 of individual charact eristics				
	:	of points determi ned by the PtS value (max. 21)				
	1 F.P	parame ter 1 of individual charact eristics				
	1 HO 1	parame ter 1 of individual charact eristics				
	PŁ5	number of points of Individual charact eristics			d_t	time of change in the measur ed signal
Parameters of the selected level	lbn l	individu al input charact eristics			dErt	Value of change in the measur ed signal
of the se	[nt	measur ement time			CUrH	colour of the upper alarm marker
arameters	d-b	decimal			נטינ	colour of the lower alarm marker
8	Con	type of compen sation		HDLA	holding up the alarm	
Osei s Maliuai	Func	mathe matical function s			ار مار ع	alarm delay
	אויי	upper value of the input range	ЬгН	upper threshol d of bar graph indicati	EYPA	alarm type
	Loi n	lower value of the input range	brl	lower threshol d of bar graph indicati on	Ргн	upper alarm threshol d
	טח ול	temper ature unit °C/F	colr	bar graph colour	Prl	lower alarm threshol d
	ŁYP	Input type	ŁyPb	bar graph type	[hnB	input channel
Main menu	! Y]		bAr I	 5.48	HL -	. B

								1 nt 2	channel 2 recording interval
	0.42	parame ter of	charact eristics			dFLE	factory	dB_2	channel channel channel channel channel channel channel start channel
User's Manual	d_H?	parame ter of	charact eristics			CLrH	erasing the maximum values	Hr_2	channel 2 recording start
User's	15-0	parame ter of	charact eristics			נרין	erasing the minimum values	- ut -	channel 1 recording interval
	1 H - P	parame ter of	charact eristics	Addr	device address	SECU	setting the settings access code	dA. 1	channel 1 recording date
	Dpu /	output	cnaract	nodE	method of transmi ssion	Hour	time setting	Hr - 1	channel 1 recording start
	[hn!	input channel		bBod	baud rate	£5£	display and bar graph test	ner.	recording
NA6A-07	ו איים	מיים		URILE		5Er		7.00	

Figure 9 Transition matrix in programming mode.

Programmable parameters of the NA6Plus meter

	Symbol on the display	Parameter description	Scope of changes
Input parameters [h r [h2	EЯP		resistance thermometers: PŁ I – Pt100 PŁ S – Pt500 PŁ IO – Pt1000 thermocouples: Ł E - Z – J thermocouple Ł E - L – K thermocouple Ł E - L – R thermocouple Ł E - C – R thermocouple Ł E - S – S thermocouple Ł E - L – T thermocouple Ł E - L – T thermocouple - E - resistance up to 10 kΩ 75 μ - voltage up to ± 75 mV 300 μ - voltage up to ± 300 mV IOU - voltage up to ± 600 V 500 U - voltage up to ± 40 mA 58 - current up to ± 5 A
	חט יך	Unit of thermometric quantity Possibility to select the unit in which the temperature measurement result is displayed (°C/°F)	Ε : Celsius degrees .F – Fahrenheita degrees
	LoIn	Lower value of the input range Setting the LoIn and HiIn parameters gives the possibility of narrowing the measurement range	Possible settings: -19999999 At the input signal <loin <hiln="" account="" be="" characteristics,="" condition="" display="" does="" exceeding.="" individual="" into="" it="" loin="" lower="" measured="" met.="" meter="" must="" not="" on="" only.<="" parameter="" range="" signal="" take="" th="" the="" will="" works=""></loin>
	Hiln	Upper value of the input range	Possible settings: -19999999 At the input signal <hiln <="" account="" be="" characteristics,="" condition="" display="" does="" exceeding.="" hiln="" individual="" into="" it="" loin="" measured="" met.="" meter="" must="" not="" on="" only.<="" parameter="" range="" signal="" take="" th="" the="" upper="" will="" works=""></hiln>
	Func	Mathematical functions performed on channels	OFF - mathematical functions are turned off $59r - \text{exponentiation } (\text{result})^2$ $59rE - \text{square root } \sqrt{\text{result}}$
			COPY – result copying result₁ ← result₂ for channel 1 result₂ ← result₁ for channel 2 when the channels measure thermometric values, selecting different temperature units (°C/°F) on both channels and activating the copy function will convert the values according to the unit selected for the appropriate channel

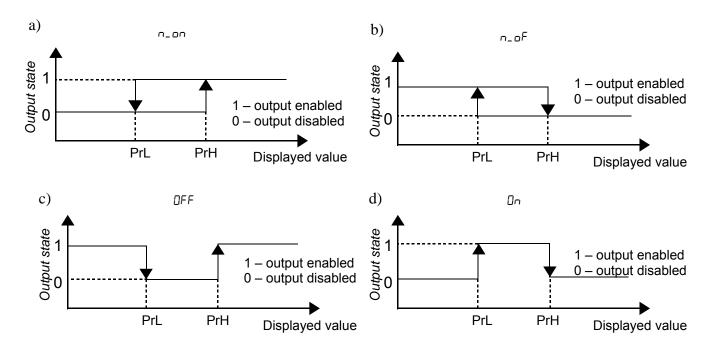
		ਸਰੀ – adding result₁ + result₂
		5 $_{2}$ $_{3}$ $_{4}$ $_{5}$ $_{$
		nnuL – multiplication $result_1 \cdot result_2$
		dl u − division result₁ ← result₁: result₂ for channel 1 rresult₂ ← result₂: result₁ for channel 2
Con	Type of compensation for changes in the sensor working conditions - in the case of a resistance thermometer and resistance measurement, it applies to the compensation of changes in the resistance of wires connecting the sensor with the meter - in the case of a thermocouple, it applies to the compensation of temperature changes of the reference joints	Avto - automatic compensation (in the case of resistance thermometers and resistance measurement it requires a three-wire line) $0,060,0$ °C – reference temperature value for thermocouples $0,040,0$ Ω – resistance of two wires for resistance thermometers and resistance measurements Entering values outside the manual compensation range (e.g. 70.0) will cause switching on automatic compensation.
d_P	Decimal point setting The setting works both with the individual characteristics switched off and switched on. Entering a decimal point which makes displaying four characters on the display impossible results in displaying the lower or upper exceeding.	Possible settings: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 avto - automatic selection of decimal point
Ent	Averaging time of the measurement	0,0999.9 s Entering 0 causes the measurement to be turned off and the meter to stop working. The meter displays the time in this state. The bar graph is blank.
l ndl	Turning off or on individual characteristics	☐n – characteristics on ☐FF – characteristics off
PL5	Number of points of Individual characteristics Determining the number of points for a multi-point individual characteristic.	Possible settings: 221 Entering a value smaller than 2 sets the number of points to the minimum value (2), entering a value greater than 21 sets the number of points to the maximum value (21).
975 45 40 40	Parameters of individual characteristics The number of points used to shape the individual characteristics is determined by the PtS parameter. Based on the coordinates of successive points given by the user, the meter determines (from the system of equations) the individual characteristics coefficients $\bf a$ and $\bf b$ for the sections connecting successive points of the characteristics.	Possible settings: -19999999

		$\begin{cases} dY20 = a_{20} \cdot IH20 + b_{20} \\ dY21 = a_{20} \cdot IH21 + b_{20} \end{cases}$ where: IH01IH21 – measured values dY01dY21 – expected values	
	ЕЯРЬ	Bar graph type	UnEE - one-colour bar graph Intr - sectional bar graph SEct - segmented bar graph PInt- point bar graph LrEn - trend bar graph
Bargraf parameters bਸਾ।/ bਸਾਟੇ	coLr	Bar graph colour	□FF - bar graph off ¬ - red □ - green ¬□ - red + green Other colours available only in meters with a seven-colour bar graph □ - blue □ - red + blue □ - green + blue □ - red + green + blue
Bargraf	brL	Lower threshold of bar graph indication Parameter for setting the "magnifying glass" on the bar graph. The value on the display at which the bar graph is to be blanked.	Possible settings: -19999999
	ЬгН	Upper threshold of bar graph indication Parameter for setting the "magnifying glass" on the bar graph. The value on the display at which the bar graph is to be fully illuminated.	Possible settings: -19999999
ALB	[hnA	Selection of the channel to which the alarm should react	Eh! – channel 1 Eh? – channel 2
1. 1.	PrL	Lower alarm threshold	Possible settings: -19999999
ters F	PrH	Upper alarm threshold	Possible settings: -19999999
Alarm parameters ^{RL}	EYPR	Alarm type	n_on – normal on n_oF – normal off On - switched on OFF - switched off H_On – manually switched on; until the alarm type is changed, the alarm output is permanently switched on H_OF – manually switched off; until the alarm type is changed, the alarm output is permanently

		switched off dELL- reaction to the slope
dr A	Alarm delay The parameter is defined in seconds. Defines the time to elapse from the time of alarm occurence to the time when alarm output is triggered. The alarm is activated after averaging the measurement. The alarm is switched off without delay.	Possible settings: 0,0999.9 s Entering 0.0 causes the alarm to be activated when it occurs.
HOLd	Maintaining alarm signaling When the function is switched on, after the alarm state has disappeared, the alarm reamins activated (relay contacts or OC output). SThe alarm state is active until it is erased by the combination of and keys.	©FF - alarm output hold up is disabled □n - alarm output hold up is enabled
EurL	The colour of the lower alarm threshold marker	©FF - bar graph off red
СигН	The colour of the upper alarm threshold marker	L - green L - red + green Other colours available only in meters with a seven-colour bar graph b - blue cb - red + blue Lb - green + blue Lb - red + green + blue
dErt	Value of change in the measured signal	Possible settings: -19999999
	The change value of the signal measured at the time specified in parameter d_Ł. After exceeding the set threshold, the alarm is activated (relay contacts or OC output).	Entering positive values causes the alarm to be activated if the rate of change of the measured signal in the indicated time increases above the entered value <code>dErb</code> (the alarm reacts to the speed of the increase of the measured signal)
	Exceeding the threshold tvalue increase in time is signaled by an intermittent message of the length of 1s on the display. ALx - Where x is the alarm number. Occurs in the case of a measured signal increase. ALx - Where x is the alarm number. Occurs when the measured signal decreases. When the alarm stops, the message disappears.	Entering negative values causes the alarm to be activated if the rate of change of the measured signal in the indicated time decreases above the entered value <code>dErt</code> (the alarm reacts to the speed of the decrease of the measured signal) Entering the value 0 deactivates the <code>dElt</code> alarm function
d_E	time of change in the measured signal	Possible settings: 03600 sec.
		Entering the value 0 deactivates the dELE alarm function

	[hn0	Selection of the channel to which the output should react	[h l – channel 1 [h군 – channel 2	
J-F-Z-	l ndO	Turning off or on individual characteristics	©n— characteristics on ©FF — characteristics off With the characteristics turned off, the meter operates with a maximum range depending on LoIn and Hiln input range	
1/0	d_H I	Parameters of the individual output characteristics	Possible settings: -19999999	
metrs Dub	0_91	Based on the coordinates of two points given by the user, the meter determines		
	9_H2	(from the system of equations) the individual characteristics coefficients a and		
Output patametrs מויד ו / מוידב	0-75	b. $\begin{cases} O_YI = a \cdot d_HI + b \\ O_Y2 = a \cdot d_H2 + b \end{cases}$ where: d_H1, d_H2 – displayed values O_Y1, O_Y2 – expected values on the output		
parameters	ьЯud	RS-485 interface baud rate	2.4 - 2400 b/s 48 - 4800 b/s 95 - 9600 b/s 192 - 19200 b/s 575 - 57600 b/s 1152 - 115200 b/s	
UArt para	nadE	Transmission method via RS-485 interface	©FF - interface off -8n2 - RTU 8N2 -8E I - RTU 8E1 -8n I - RTU 8O1 -8n I - RTU 8N1	
	Addr	Device address for MODBUS protocol	Possible settings: 1247	
Service parameters 5Er	£5£	Display and bar graph test The test consists in displaying the numbers 1111, 2222, etc. on the displays. Subsequent points are lit on bar graphs in the available colours. The test continues until it is turned off.	n□ – disabling the test yE5 – ebabling the test After activating, the test will start after exiting the menu.	
Service	Hour	Setting the current time Time format: hh.mm The clock is reset after a voltage failure	Possible settings: 00.00 23.59	
	SECU	Entering the password	Possible settings: -1999 9999 Setting the value to 0 disables the entry protection for the menu.	
	[LrL	Erasing the minimum values	¬□ – do not erase ∃E5 – erasing the minimum values	
	[LrH	Erasing the maximum values	¬□ – do not erase yes – erasing the maximum values	
	dFLL	Factory parameters Restoring factory parameters of the meter.	n□ – do nothing yes – restore factory parameters	

	rEC	Enabling or disabling recording At the moment recording is enabled, the meter deletes the previous stored channel 1 and 2 values.	#####################################
	Hr_ I	Channel 1 recording start time Time format: hh.mm.ss	Possible settings: 00.00.00 23.59.59
neters	dR_ 1	Channel 1 recording start date Date format: yy.mm.dd	Possible settings: 00.01.01 99.12.31
recording parameters	int i	Channel 1 recording interval Specifies the time segment after which the result is to be saved. The minimum interval is 1 second. Time format: hh.mm.ss	Possible settings: 00.00.01 24.00.00
OCr re	Hr_2	Channel 2 recording start time Time format: hh.mm.ss	Possible settings: 00.00.00 23.59.59
7	dA_2	Channel 2 recording start date Date format: yy.mm.dd	Possible settings: 00.01.01 99.12.31
	InE2	Channel 2 recording interval Specifies the time segment after which the result is to be saved. The minimum interval is 1 second. Time format: hh.mm.ss	Possible settings: 00.00.01 24.00.00



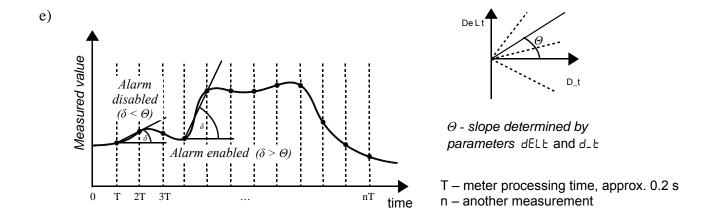


Fig. 10 Alarm types a, b – normal; c – switched off; d – switched on; e - delt

Caution: H_On alarm is always active, H_OF alarm is always inactive

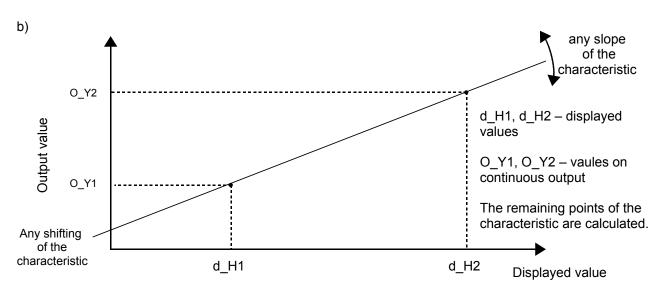


Fig. 11 Individual characteristics of the display a) and continuous outputs b)

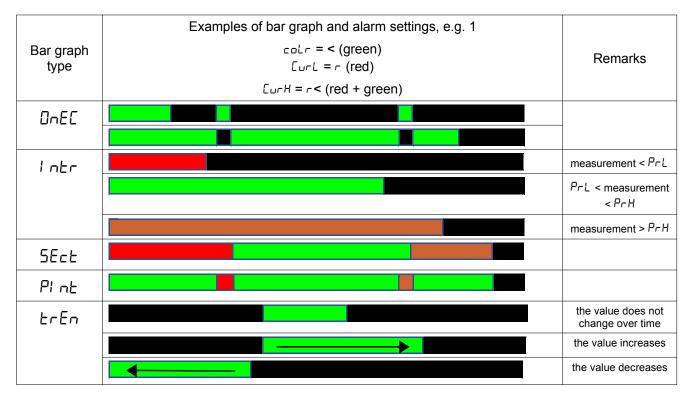


Fig. 12 Bar graph operation modes

Caution!

- the meter operates within the measurement range defined by the user in the LoIn and Hiln parameters. Outside the defined range, the meter signals exceeding the range.
- in the case of a meter with a resistance thermometer in a two-wire system, the choice of the option of automatic compensation of changes in the resistance of the wires will result in faulty operation of the meter and displaying the Errl message.
- when individual display characteristics are switched on, the result is converted according to the sectional characteristics in accordance with the introduced parameters IH01 ... IH21 and dY01 ... dY21.
- when arithmetic functions and individual characteristics are switched on, arithmetic operations are performed first and the result obtained is transformed by individual characteristics.

- when the individual characteristics for the analogue output is switched on, the displayed value is linearly transformed according to the entered d_H1, d_H2 and O_Y1, O_Y2 parameters.
- the meter regularly controls the values of the entered parameter. If the entered value exceeds
 the upper or lower range of changes, the meter will not record the parameter.
- if the input type is changed, the decimal point is changed at the same time, optimally for the given input.
- after a power failure, the current time is reset.
- recording is switched off when:
 - · it was disabled from the meter menu level
 - · the input type was changed
 - the recording start time was changed
 - the recording interval was changed
 - setting the averaging time for the Cnt measurement to 0
 - memory full
 - power on the meter
- on the bar graph working in Intro or 5Ect mode, it is possible to set only one alarm marjers Eurt and EurH (from one alarm). Setting markers for the selected alarm activates them on the bar graph and automatically disables the markers from other alarms assigned to the same measurement channel.
- the max and min values are erased in case of change of
 - Input type
 - individual characteristics (on, off)
 - restoring factory parameters

Parameter description	Factory parameter	Parameter description	Factory parameter
FAL	nnAL	[U−H	г [.
Un ıE	Э.	dErt	8.8
Lal n	- 1999	d_Ł	8
Hilm	9999	Ehnl	Eh I
Func	oFF	l ndO	oFF
Con	8.8	d_H I	8.8
d_P	Auto	D_A I	8.8
Ent	tO	a⁻H5	0.0
l ndl	oFF	07.75	8.0
PE5	2	bAud	1 15.2
1 HD 1	8.8	nodE	r8n l
9AD 1	0.0	Addr	1
		Ł5Ł	nO
HH2 I	8.8	НоИг	00.00
975 1	8.8	SECU	0
EYP6	5Ect	ELrL	nD
coLr	oFF	[LrH	n0
brL	- 1999	dFLE	nD

ЬгН	9999	rEC	oFF
[hnA	Eh I	Hr_	240000
PrL	- 1999	dA_	16.0 t0 1
PrH	9999	Intl	<i>IS.00</i>
E SPR	n_on	Hr_2	240000
qra	0.0	dA_2	16.0 (0 1
HOLd	oFF	1 nE2	15.00
CUrL	r		

CAUTION: Restoration of factory parameters is possible by holding down all the keys when the power is turned on and holding them down for about 2 seconds, and then releasing them.

6. RS-485 Interface

The digital programmable NA6Plus meters have a serial link in the RS-485 standard for communication in computer systems and with other devices that perform the Master function. The MODBUS communication protocol has been implemented on the serial link. The data transmission protocol describes methods of information exchange between the devices through the serial link.

6.1. Serial interface connection method

The RS-485 interface allows direct connection of up to 32 devices on a single link of the length of up to 1,200 m. To connect more devices, it is necessary to use additional intermediary-separating systems.

Interface line outputs are shown in Fig. 3 of this manual. To obtain correct transmission it is necessary to connect lines A and B in parallel with their equivalents in other devices. The connection must be made with a shielded conductor and the shield must be connected to the protective terminal at a single point. The GND line is used for additional protection of the interface line for long connections. GND signals should be connected between the devices and at one point to the protective terminal (this is not necessary for correct operation of the interface).

To obtain a connection with a PC, a converter from available computer interfaces to RS-485 is necessary, e.g. RS-232 to RS-485 (PD5 from LUMEL SA), USB to RS-485 (PD10 from LUMEL SA) or a dedicated RS-485 interface card installed in the computer.

The marking of transmission lines for the card in the PC depends on the card manufacturer and should be included in the instruction manual of the card.

6.2 MODBUS protocol

List of serial link parameters for the MODBUS protocol:

address of the meter 1...247

baud rate
 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200 bit/s

operating mode
 RTU 8N1, RTU 8N2, RTU 8E1, RTU 8O1

maximum response time 500 ms

The configuration of the serial link parameters consists in determining the baud rate (bflud), device address (flddr), and operating mode (nodE).

Caution:

Each meter connected to the communication network must:

- have a unique address
- the same baud rate and operating mode

6.3 Description of the MODBUS protocol functions

The following functions of the MODBUS protocol have been implemented in the NA6Plus meters:

Code	Meaning				
03 (03 h)	readout of n-registers				
06 (06 h)	recording of a single register				
16 (10 h)	recording of n-registers				
17 (11 h)	slave device identification				

Readout of n-registers (code 03h)

This function is not available in the publication mode.

Example. Readout of 2 registers, starting with the register addressed 1DBD (7613)

Request:

Device address	Function	Register address Hi	Register address Lo	Number of registers Hi		Checksum CRC
01	03	1D	BD	00	02	52 43

Response:

Device address	Function	Number of bytes	Value from register 1DBD (7613)		Value from register 1DBE (7614)				Checksum CRC		
01	03	08	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	95 D7

Record of values into the register (code 06h)

This function is available in the publication mode.

Example. record of the register addressed 1DBDh (7613)

Request:

Device address	Function	Register address Hi	Register address Lo	Value from register 1DBD h (7613)				Checksum CRC
01	06	1D	BD	3F	80	00	00	85 AD

Response:

Device address	Function	Register address Hi	Register address Lo	Value from ro 1DBD h (7				Checksum CRC
01	06	1D	BD	3F	80	00	00	85 AD

Record into n-registers (code 10h)

This function is available in the publication mode.

Example. Recording 2 registers, starting from the register addressed 1DBD h (7613)

Request:

Device	Fun	_	ister ress		ber of sters	Number of	of Value from register 1DBD h (7613)			Value from register 1DBE h (7614)			Checksum		
address	ction	Hi	Lo	Hi	Lo	bytes	I L	1080 II (7613)			IDBE II (7014)			CRC	
01	10	1D	BD	00	02	08	3F	80	00	00	40	00	00	00	03 09

Response:

Device address	Function	Register address Hi	0		Number of registers Lo	Checksum CRC
01	10	1D	BD	00	02	D7 80

Device identification (code 11 h)

Example. Readout of data identifying a device for NA6Plus meter

Request:

Device address	Function	Checksum CRC
01	11	C0 2C

Response:

Device address	Function	Number of bytes	Device ID	State of the device	Field depending on device type	Checksum CRC
01	11	19	E1	FF	xxxxxxxxxx	

Device address - depending on the setpoint

Function - function no. (11 h)

Number of bytes - 19 h
Device ID - E1 h
Device state - FF h

Field depending on device type - device name

- software version

6.4 Map of NA6Plus meter registers

Address range	Value type	Description
7000	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7500 range. Registers are read-only.
7100	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7700 range. Registers can be read out and recorded.
7200	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7600 range. Registers can be recorded and read out.
7320	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. Registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7660 range. Registers can be read out and recorded or only recorded.
7500	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in 32-bit register. Registers are read-only.
7600	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in 32-bit register. Registers can be recorded and read out.

76	60	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in 32-bit register. Registers can be read out and recorded or only read ut.
77	00	float (32 bits)	Value is placed in 32-bit register. Registers can be recorded and read out.

6.5 Registers for recording and reading.

Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. These registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7600 area.	Value is placed in 32-bit registers.	Symbol	Writing (w)/ readout (r)	Range		Description
7200	7600	Identifier	0	_	Value	device identifier
-					225	NA6Plus
		Ob an mal	w/r	01	Value	Number of the meter channel
7202	7601	Channel number			0	Channel 1
		namber			1	Channel 2
						Channel input type < Channel number>
					Value	
					0	Pt100 RTD
					1	Pt500 RTD
					2	Pt1000 RTD
					3 4	J thermocouple
					5	K thermocouple N thermocouple
					6	E thermocouple
7204	7602	Input type	w/r	016	7	R thermocouple
1204	7002	input type	VV/1	010	8	S thermocouple
					9	T thermocouple
					10	Resistance measurement up to 10 $k\Omega$
					11	Voltage measurement up to \pm 75 mV
					12	Voltage measurement up to \pm 300 mV
					13	Voltage measurement up to ± 10 V
					14	Voltage measurement up to ± 600 V
					15	Current measurement up to ± 40 mA
					16	Current measurement up to ± 5 A

7206	7603	Loln	w/r	-1999 9999		r value of the input range <channel number=""></channel> on! Changing the input type assigns standard values to the Loln and Hiln variables.
7208	7604	Hiln	w/r	-1999 9999	Uppe	r value of the input range <channel number=""></channel>
					Op	peration function on the channel <channel< b=""> number></channel<>
					Value	
					0	Switched off
					1	Squaring
7210	7605	Function	w/r	07	2	Extraction of roots
					3	Re-recording from the channel
					4	Addition of channels
					5	Subtraction of channels
					6	Multiplication of channels
					7	Division of channels
7212	7606	TC compensati on	w/r	0.0 999.9	Com	pensation of joints temperature °C <channel< b=""> number></channel<>
7214	7607	Pt compensati on	w/r	0.0 999.9	Con	npensation of wire resistance in Ω < Channel number>
		<u> </u>			С	hannel decimal point < Channel number>
					Value	F F
					0	0000
7216	7608	D_P	w/r	04	1	000.0
		_			2	00.00
					3	0.000
					4	Auto
7218	7609	Cnt	w/r	0999.9	Cha	nnel measurement time < Channel number>
					INur	mber of the channel Individual characteristics
7220	7610	IndiPts	w/r	221		points < Channel number>
						Channel individual characteristics
						<channel number=""></channel>
7222	7611	IndiOn	w/r	01	Value	
					0	Characteristics off
					1	Characteristics on
					Ten	nperature unit used in calculation < Channel
	=0.40		,		\/- I	number>
7224	7612	Unit	w/r	01	Value	D 01: 00
					0	Degrees Celsius °C
7006	7640	Decembed			1	Degrees Farenheit F
7226	7613	Reserved	-	-		Reserved value <channel number=""></channel>
		Bor areas			Value	Bar graph number
7228	7614	Bar graph number	w/r	01	Value 0	Bar graph of channel 1
		Hullibel			1	Bar graph of channel 1 Bar graph of channel 2
7230	7615	Bar graph	w/r	04		Bar graph type < Bar graph no. >
1230	1015	type	VV/1	04	Value	Dai grapii type \Dai grapii iiu.>
		,,,,,,			0	One-colour (OnEC)
					Change of colour after	
					1	exceeding the alarm threshold
						(the whole bar graph colour changes) (Intr)
						Change of colour after
					2	exceeding the alarm threshold
					4	(three-segment change of
						colour) (SEct)
					3	One-colour bar graph, alarm
						markers in another colour (PInt)

						4	Increasing/decreasing trend (trEn)
Table Tabl							
Table Tabl						Value	
Table Tabl							Bar graph off (OFF)
Total Tot						1	
Tele						2	
	7000	7040		,			` '
	7232	/616	Colour	w/r	07	Other v	
Table Fine							,
Test						4	Blue (b)
Test						5	Red + Blue (rb)
Table						6	Green + blue (Gb)
Test						7	Red + Green + Blue (rGb)
Table Tabl					-1999	"Magn	ifier on the bar graph <bar graph="" no.="">. Lower</bar>
7236	7234	7617	Brl	w/r	9999		
Test					-1999	"Magn	ifier on the bar graph <bar graph="" no.="">. Upper</bar>
7240 7620 7621 Prl w/r 9999	7236	7618	Brh	w/r	9999	_	threshold
Test							
T240	7238	7619	Alarm no.	w/r	07		
Teact							
7240 7620 7621 Prl W/r 9999 Alarm lower threshold <alarm no.=""> 7242 7621 Prl W/r 9999 Alarm lower threshold <alarm no.=""> 7244 7622 Prh W/r 9999 Alarm upper threshold <alarm no.=""> 7246 7623 Typa W/r 7246 7623 Typa W/r 7246 7625 Typa W/r 7250 7626 CURL W/r 7250 7627 7627 CURH W/r 7250 7627 7627 Typa Ty</alarm></alarm></alarm>						'	
Table Tabl							react < Alarm No.>
T242 T621 Prl W/r 9999 Alarm lower threshold < Alarm no.> T999 9999 Alarm upper threshold < Alarm no.> Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm no.> Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm no.> Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm no.> Alarm type < Alarm no. Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm no. Alarm type < Alarm no. Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm type < Alarm no. Alarm type <	7240	7620	Ch_Alarm	w/r	01		
T242 T621 Prl W/r 9999 Alarm lower threshold < Alarm no.> T999 9999 Alarm upper threshold < Alarm no.> T999 9999 Alarm upper threshold < Alarm no.> T999 9999 Alarm upper threshold < Alarm no.> T999 Alarm type < Alarm no.> T999 Alarm type < Alarm no.> T999 Alarm type < Alarm no.> T999 Alarm upper threshold < Alarm no.> T999 Alarm upper							
7242 7621 Prl w/r 9999 Alarm lower threshold <alarm no.=""> 7244 7622 Prh w/r 9999 Alarm upper threshold <alarm no.=""> 7246 7623 Typa w/r 06 Image: control of the lower alarm signalling <ali>Image: control of threshold <ali>Image: control of the lower alarm signalling </ali></ali></ali></ali></ali></ali></alarm></alarm>							

		Г		T .	1 0	Der group off (OFF)
					0	Bar graph off (OFF)
					1	Red (r)
					2	Green (G)
					3	Red + Green (rG)
					Other v	alues are only available in meters with RGB
					diodes	
					4	Blue (b)
					5	Red + Blue (rb)
					6	Green + blue (Gb)
					7	Red + Green + Blue (rGb)
				_		
7256	7628	dErt	w/r	1999999 9	Value o	of change in the measured signal < Alarm no.>
7258	7629	d_t	w/r	03600	Time o	of change in the measured signal < Alarm no.>
						Selection of the output to be configured.
	=000	Output	,		Value	
7260	7630	number	w/r	01	0	Output no. 1
					1	Output no. 2
					Sel	lection of channel number for analog output
						Output no.>
7262	7631	Chna	w/r	01	Value	- output nor
1202	1001		VV/I	"	0	Channel no. 1
					1	Channel no. 1 Channel no. 2
		Output				nalog output characteristics < Output no.>
7264	7632	characterist	w/r	01	Value	
		ics			0	Characteristics off
					1	Characteristics on
				-1999	Analo	og output characteristics parameters < Output
7266	7633	X1 LED	w/r	9999		no.>
				-1999	Analo	og output characteristics parameters < Output
7268	7634	Y1 Out	w/r	9999		no.>
				-1999	Analo	og output characteristics parameters < Output
7270	7635	X2 LED	w/r	9999		no.>
			_	-1999	Analo	og output characteristics parameters < Output
7272	7636	Y2 Out	w/r	9999		no.>
						RS-485 interface baud rate
					Value	
					0	2400 bit/s
7274	7637	Baud rate	wilr	02	1	4800 bit/s
1214	1031	Dauu rate	w/r	02	2	9600 bit/s
					3	19200 bit/s
					4	57600 bit/s
					5	115200 bit/s
					J	MODBUS protocol operation mode
					Value	C D D C protocor oporation mode
		Operating			0	RTU 8N2
7276	7638	Operating	w/r	17		
		mode			1	RTU 8E1
					2	RTU 801
					3	RTU 8N1
7278	7639	Address	w/r	0247		Device address selection
						Measured value recording
					Value	
7280	7640	Recording	w/r	03	0	Recording off
1200	1040	Necoluling	VV/I	03	1	Recording from channel 1
					2	Recording from channel 2
					3	Recording from channel 1 and 3
7282	7641	Interval	w/r	0 99.5959	Re	ecording time interval < Channel number>
7284	7642	Recording	w/r	0	F	Recording start time < Channel number>
	, 572		**/1	· ···	<u>'</u>	toooraning ottait timo serialilloi flambors

		<u> </u>		Г	1	
		time		23.5959	places a where: hh - me mm - m	rameter is displayed with four after the decimal point in format hh,mmss, ans hours, eans minutes, ans seconds
						ncorrect time is entered, the indicator will
				1970		it automatically.
7286	7643	Year	w/r	2038	Ye	ear of recording start < Channel number>
7288	7644	Month	w/r	112		onth of recording start < Channel number>
						ay of recording start < Channel number>
7290	7645	Day	w/r	131		,
					Value	Display and bar graph test
7292	7646	Test	w/r	01	Value 0	No operation
					1	Test
						Current time
						rameter is displayed with four
					places a where:	after the decimal point in format hh,mmss,
7294	7647	Hour	w/r	0		ans hours,
				23.5959		eans minutes,
						ans seconds
						ncorrect time is entered, the indicator will it automatically.
						Erasing the minimum value of channel 1
7296	7640	Erasing minimum	201/5	01	Value	
7296	7648	minimum ch1	w/r	01		No operation
		0			1	Erasing
		Erasing			Value	Erasing the maximum value of channel 1
7298	7649	maximum	w/r	01	0	No operation
		ch1			1	Erasing
		Function			E	Erasing the minimum value of channel 2
7300	7650	Erasing minimum	w/r	01	Value	
		ch2	••,,]	0	No operation
\vdash						Erasing Erasing the maximum value of channel 2
		Erasing			Value	Liasing the maximum value of Chaille 2
7302	7651	maximum ch2	w/r	01	0	No operation
		CHZ			1	Erasing
		Restoring				Restoring factory settings of the meter.
7304	7652	factory	w/r	01	Value 0	No operation
		settings				Restoring
		Menu				
7306	7653	access	w/r	09999		meter menu password readout or entering. ntering the value 0 deletes the password.
		password				
7308	7654	Software version	0	16-5		Displays the software version in the MAJOR*100+MINOR format
7320	7660	Year of the saved value	w/r	1970 2038		Year of the saved value in memory <channel number=""></channel>
		Month of		2030		
7322	7661	the saved value	w/r	112		Month of the saved value in memory Channel number>

7324 7662 Day of the saved value w/r 131 Day of the saved value in men < Channel number> Time of the saved value in men < Channel number> This parameter is displayed with four.	
<channel number=""></channel>	
This properties is displayed with from	mory
7326 Time of the saved value W/r 0 23.5959 This parameter is displayed with four places after the decimal point in format where: hh - means hours, mm – means minutes ss - means seconds When incorrect time is entered, the indicorrect it automatically.	S,
7328 7664 Index of the saved value w/r 1800 The number of the saved value in memory	nory < Channel
Operation status at the buffer <chan< b="">i</chan<>	nel number>
Value 0 No operation	
Searching acc, date and time (registers no.
76607663 and 73207326)	
Searching acc. time (registers in the property of the property	10. 7663 and
7330 7665 Status W/r 07 Searching acc. index (registers 7328)	no. 7664 and
4 Load next values into the buffe 76727691 and 73447382)	r (registers
5 Load previous values into the b	
(Registers 76727691 and 734)	
7 Go to the last saved value in m	
Number of Number of Saved value in memory first register of the buffer < Channel	
7332 7666 the saved o 0800 Value	
value 0 Memory is empty 1800 Number of the saved value	<i>j</i>
Number of recorded buffer registers	
Number of number>	
7334 7667 recorded 0 020 Value	
registers 0 Buffer is empty 1 30 Number of recorded register	oro
120 Number of recorded registry Year for the value in the first re	
7336 7668 Year 0 2038 <channel number=""></channel>	
7338 7669 Month o 112 Month for the value in the first re	egister
7340 7670 Day 0 131 Day for the value in the first re-	gister
Time for the value in the first re	gister
This parameter is displayed with four	
7342 7671 Time 0 0 places after the decimal point in format where:	nn,mmss,
hh - means hours,	
mm - means minutes, ss - means seconds	
7344 7672 Buffer o — Saved values, read out from the memory	ory < Channel
7382 7691 20 registers, including 20 saved values.	

In the case of registers not present in a given series of meters, their value is 1E + 20

Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. These registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7700 area.	Value is placed in 32-bit registers.	Symbol	Writing (w)/ readout(r)	Range	Description
7100- 7140	7700- 7720	X values	w/r	-19999999	X values of the device individual characteristics <channel no.=""></channel>
7142- 7182	7721- 7741	Y values	w/r	-19999999	Y values of the device individual characteristics <channel no.=""></channel>

6.6 Read-only registers

Value is placed in two successive 16-bit registers. These registers contain the same data as 32-bit registers of 7500 area.	Value is placed in 32-bit registers.	Name	Writing (w) /readout (r)	Unit	Unit name
7000	7500	Identifier	0	_	Constant identifying the device
7002	7501	Status	0	_	Register describing the current state of the meter
7004	7502	Serial number	0	_	Register containing serial number of the meter
7006	7503	Control1	0	%	Register defining the control procedure of the analogue output 1
7008	7504	Control2	0	%	Register defining the control procedure of the analogue output 2
7010	7505	Min1	0	_	Minimum value of the currently displayed value of channel 1
7012	7506	Max1	0	_	Maximum value of the currently displayed value of channel 1
7014	7507	Vaule1			Currently measured value
7016	7508	Hour			Current time
7018	7509	Min2	0	_	Minimum value of the currently displayed value of channel 2
7020	7510	Max2	0	_	Maximum value of the currently displayed value of channel 2
					Value of Charmer 2

Caution!

- when exceeding the upper or lower range, the displayed minimum and maximum values are set to 1E + 20.
- when the Cnt parameter is set to 0 (the measurement and display of the current time is off), the

displayed minimum and maximum values are set to 1E + 20.

Register description Status:

	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	Х	х
bit	31	30	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Bit-26 Signalling of the displayed value upper exceeding of channel 2

0 - no error

1 – value exceeding

Bit-25 Signalling of the displayed value lower exceeding of channel 2

0 – no error

1 - value exceeding

Bit-24 Signalling of the displayed value upper exceeding of channel 1

0 - no error

1 - value exceeding

Bit-23 Signalling of the displayed value lower exceeding of channel 1

0 – no error

1 - value exceeding

Bit-22 Binary outputs type

0 – 4 relay outputs 1 – 8 OC outputs Bit-21 Bar graph type

0 – two-colour RG 1 – seven-colour RGB

Bit-20 Error of the conductor resistance compensation of channel 2

0 – no error

1 – signalling of the compensation error

Bit-19 Signalling of the upper range exceeding of channel 2

0 – normal operation1 – range exceeding

Bit-18 Signalling of the lower range exceeding of channel 2

0 – normal operation1 – range exceeding

Bit-17 Error of the conductor resistance compensation of channel 1

0 – no error

1 – signalling of the compensation error

Bit-16 Signalling of the upper range exceeding of channel 1

0 – normal operation1 – range exceeding

Bit-15 Signalling of the lower range exceeding of channel 1

0 – normal operation1 – range exceeding

Bit-14...13 Analog output type 2

00 – none 01 – current 10 – voltage

Bit-12...11 Analog output type 1

00 – none 01 – current 10 – voltage

Bit-10 Calibration status 0 – meter not calibrated

1 - meter calibrated

Bit-9...8 FRAM memory status

00 – no errors 01 – memory full 10 – memory damaged **Bit-7 Alarm 8 status**

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-6 Alarm 7 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-5 Alarm 6 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-4 Alarm 5 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-3 Alarm 4 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-2 Alarm 3 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-1 Alarm 2 status

0 – off 1 – on

Bit-0 Alarm 1 status

0 – off 1 – on

7. Meter configuration with E-Con software

NA5Plus meter can be configured using the eCon software. This program is a free application available on the manufacturer's website (www.lumel.com.pl). The meter should be connected to PC via RS485 interface. After starting the program, select the serial port to which the meter is installed. Available serial ports and connection configurations are available in the "Communication" tab.

When connected via the RS485 interface, set the following transmission parameters: the address (device ID), the speed and mode. Factory settings of RS485 interface are as follows: Address 1, speed 15200, mode RTU 8N1.

After setting the parameters, select the "connect" key.

Before changing the configuration of the meter, it is advisable to read and save the current configuration to a file to be able to restore the previous configuration. From e-Con application menu it is possible to save the configuration to a file, to read the file and also export the configuration to a pdf file.

After connection, e-Con automatically read the current configuration from the device. The parameters available for configuration, as well as a preview of the currently measured values at the inputs, are available in the right part of the main program window.

8. METER PROGRAMMING EXAMPLES

Example 1. Programming of individual characteristics.

We want to program the meter so that the measured value 4.00 mA corresponds to the value 0 on the display, while the measured value 20.00 mA corresponds to the value 100. To do this:

- set the display precision to 0000 (parameter $d_{\perp}P = 0000$)
- enable individual characteristics (parameter $| \neg d| = \Box \neg$)
- set the number of characteristics points to 2 (parameter ₱₺5 = 2)
- set the point $I H \square I = 4.00$ and $d H \square I = 0$
- set the point | H02 = 20.00 and d 4 4 0 = 100

Example 2. Programming of the reverse individual characteristics.

If we want to program the meter so that the measured value 4.00 mA corresponds to the value 120.5 on the display, and the measured value 20.00 mA to value 10.8, we should:

- set the display precision to 000.0 (parameter $d_{\perp}P = 0000$)
- enable individual characteristics (parameter $| \neg d | = \square \cap$)
- set the number of characteristics points to 2 (parameter P = 2)
- set the point / H□ / = 4.00 and dy□ / = 120.5
- set the point | H02 = 20.00 and | H02 = 10.8

Example 3. Programming the alarm with hysteresis

If we want to program the alarm 1 operation so that at 850 °C for input 1, the alarm is switched on and at 100 °C switched off, and alarm 2 operation so that at 1000 °C for input 2 the alarm is switched off and at -199 °C is on, we should:

- for alarm 1 select the signal source as input 1 (parameter [hnA = [h])
- set the lower alarm threshold 1 to 100 (PrL = 100)
- set the upper alarm 1 threshold to 850 (PrH = 850)
- set alarm type 1 as normally enabled (parameter ŁℲPR = n_□n)
- for alarm 2 select the signal source as input 2 (parameter [hnA = [h2])
- set the lower alarm 2 threshold to -199 (PrL = 199)
- set the upper alarm 2 threshold to 1000 ($P_rH = 1000$)
- set alarm type 2 as normally enabled (parameter ŁℲℙ℞ = ¬¬¬¬₣)

Example 4. Programming the alarm in a desired interval with a delay

If we want to program the alarm 1 operation so that it is switched on in the range of 100 V to 300 V for the input 1, but with a delay of 10 seconds, then:

- for alarm 1 select the signal source as input 1 (parameter [hnR = [h l)
- set the lower alarm threshold 1 to 100 (PrL = 100)
- set the upper alarm 1 threshold to 300 ($P_rH = 300$)
- set alarm type 1 as normally enabled (parameter £4PR = □n)
- set the alarm 1 delay to 10 seconds (parameter dL = 1□)

If the alarm condition lasts longer than 10.0 seconds, the meter will activate the alarm output.

Example 5. Analog output programming

If we want to program the current output of the meter so that the measured value of 0.00 mA for the input 2 corresponds to 4.00 mA at the output, while the measured value 20.00 mA corresponds to 20.00 mA, we should:

- for analog output 1 select the signal source as input 2 (parameter £hnA = £h2)
- enable individual characteristics for the output (parameter $! \neg d\Omega = \Omega \neg$)
- set the first point of the characteristics: $d_{-}H_{-}I = 0.00$, $\Omega_{-}I_{-}I = 4.00$
- set the second point of the characteristics: d_H≥ = 20.00, □_Y≥ = 20.00

Example 6. Bar graph programming

If we want to program bar graph 1 as sector - red colour between P-L and P-H parameters, and bar graph 2 as trend - green colour between P-L and P-H parameters, we should:

- for the bar graph 1, set the parameter £9Pb = 5ΕcΕ
- for the bar graph 1 set the parameter coLr = r
- for the bar graph 2, set the parameter £4Pb = £cEn
- for the bar graph 2, set the parameter coLr = \mathcal{L}

Example 7. Programming the magnifier on the bar graph

If we want to program the bar graph 1 to be dimmed for the value 0, and for the value 150 to be all lit, while bar graph 2 to be dimmed for the value 25.5 and for the value 500.2 to be completely lit, we should.

- for the bar graph 1, set the parameter brL = 0
- for the bar graph 1, set the parameter brH = 150
- for the bar graph 2, set the parameter brL = ≥55
- for the bar graph 2, set the parameter brH = 500≥

Example 8. Recording programming

If we want to program the recording of input 1 every 20 seconds from 12:30, and input 2 every 5 minutes from 14:00, we should:

- set the recording date and time for input 1 (parameters Hr_1, dA_1)
- set the input 1 recording interval to 20 seconds (parameter Int1)
- set the recording date and time for input 2 (parameters Hr 2, dA 2)
- set the input 2 recording interval to 5 minutes (parameter Int2)
- enable recording of both inputs (parameter rEC = re12)

9. BEFORE YOU NOTIFY A DEFECT

In the case of improper operation of the meter, verify the fault in the following table:

Symptom	Procedure
There are no indications on the display, the bar graph indicates nothing.	Check the meter power supply connection
The display shows the time, e.g. H_12 alternately with 20:43	The averaging time Cnt = 0 has been introduced, the meter operates in sleep mode and displays the current time
The display shows the characters: or	Check the correctness of the input signal connection. See the service manual. Check also the setting of parameters D_P, Ind, Loln and Hiln.
A signal that does not meet our expectations appears on the analog output of the meter	Check if the resistance of the analog output is in accordance with the technical data. Check if the individual characteristics for the output is not switched on. If necessary, change the parameters of the characteristics or enter factory parameters.
No possibility to enter the programming mode, request for the access code	The programming mode is password protected. You must enter the correct password. If the user has forgotten the password, please contact the service
It is not certain whether all segments of the display or bar graph are in working order	Enter the meter menu and enable the test of displays and bar graphs. The character fields are lit successively from 0000 to 9999, at the same time the subsequent colours of bar graphs are lit. If any display segment or bar graph point does not light, report the fault to the nearest service centre
While navigating the meter's menu, the parameter values that do not match the scope of their changes appear on the display.	Enter the meter menu and reset the meter to its factory settings.
The display shows a result that is not in line with our expectations	Check if the individual characteristics is not switched on. If necessary, restore the meter factory parameters.
The bar graph does not work as we expect	Check the parameters of the bar graph. In case of further incorrect operation, restore the meter factory parameters and perform a display test.
Despite exceeding the alarm threshold, the alarm relay does not turn on	Check and if necessary correct the value of the alarm delay.
Instead of displaying the measurement result, the meter displays the parameter symbol and its value	The meter operates in the parameter preview mode or in the programming mode. Press the cancel key.
A delay in the activation of the alarm was introduced, e.g. 30 s, but the alarm did not work after this time	The duration of the alarm occurrence condition was shorter than the programmed one, i.e. the alarm condition subsided before the delay time elapsed. In this case, the meter starts counting down the time from the beginning
The meter does not establish communication with the computer via the RS-485 interface	Check if the interface cables (A, B, GND) have been correctly connected and then check the interface parameters in the meter menu. These parameters must be compatible with those in the software used

10. SOFTWARE UPDATE

The meter software update can be done via a PC with installed free eCon program. eCon program and the current update file are available on the website www.lumel.com.pl. Update can be performed via the RS-485 interface.

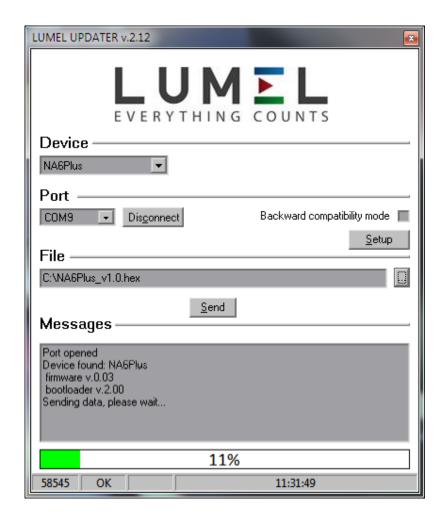


Fig 13: Software update

Caution! It is recommended that before updating the meter software the user reads and saves the current configuration of the meter to a file.

After starting the eCon, set the communication parameters in the *Communication* field on the left side of the main window, then select *Connect*. The meter will be automatically recognized.

When communication is established it is recommended to read the current configuration of the module and save it to a file, for later restoration.

Then select *Firmware Update* on the right side of the program menu. LUMEL UPDATER (LU) will be launched (Fig. 16). NA6Plus meter is supported by LU starting from version 2.09. Select the device (NA6Plus) in the program, the port on which the device is installed in Windows, set the appropriate transmission parameters (115200, 8n1) in the access window under *Setup*, and indicate the update file. Then establish connection using *Connect* button. The Messages window displays information about the detected device and the update progress. After the meter is properly detected by LU, you must start the update by selecting *Send* button. LU will show the update progress bar with percentage information, and the NA6Plus meter will indicate the updating process on the display throughout the update. After the update is completed, the meter will restart, restore factory parameters and start normal operation. LU message window will display *Done* and the meter update

duration. LU program can be closed and then we can read the previous configuration from the file and save it to the meter using e-Con.

Caution! If the connection is interrupted or the power is turned off while updating the meter software, it may cause permanent damage to the device.

11. TECHNICAL DATA

Inputs:

Pt100	(-200850) °C
Pt500	(-200850) °C
Pt1000	(-200850) °C
J (Fe-CuNi)	(-1001100) °C
K (NiCr-NiAl)	(-1001370) °C
N (NiCrSi-NiSi)	(-1001300) °C
E (NiCr-CuNi)	(-100850) °C
R (PtRh13-Pt)	(01760) °C
S (PtRh10-Pt)	(01760) °C
T (Cu-CuNi)	(-50400) °C

Resistance measurement $0...10 \text{ k}\Omega$

Current measurement -5...5 A input resistance 10 m Ω ±10 %

Current flowing through the resistance thermometer: $< 400 \mu A$

Resistance of conductors linking the resistance thermometer

with the meter: $< 20 \Omega$ /wire

Thermocouple characteristics according to EN 60584-1 Resistance thermometer characteristics acc. IEC 751+A1+A2

Outputs:

Analog outputs galvanically isolated

−current 0/4...20 mAload resistance ≤ 500 Ω−voltage 0...10 Vload resistance ≥ 500 Ω

output error0.2 %

additional error due to ambient

temperature changes $\pm (0.1 \% \text{ of the range } / 10 \text{ K})$

Relay outputs

4 relays; potential free - make contacts, maximum load:
 voltage
 current
 5 A 30 V DC, 250 V AC

resistive load1250 VA, 150 W

Transistor:

8 open collector (OC) outputs, maximum load:
voltage
current
25 mA DC

Digital:

interface RS-485

protocoltransmission typeMODBUS RTU8N2, 8E1, 8O1, 8N1

baud rate
 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 57600, 115200 b/s,

maximum response time 500 ms

Additional supply output 24 V DC, maximum load 30 mA

Memory parameters:

meter memory (recording) 800 samples (input 1 or input 2), or 400 samples (channel 1)

+ 400 samples (channel 2)

min. recording interval1 s

Basic error: 0.1% of measuring range **©**1 digit

0.2% of measuring range @1 digit (for thermocouples R, S, T)

Additional errors in rated operating conditions:

compensation of reference joints

temperature changes ≤ ±1 °C

compensation of lead resistance changes

when the resistance of conductors is changed, < 10 Ω $\leq \pm 0.5$ °C when the resistance of conductors is changed, < 20 Ω $\leq \pm 1$ °C

- from ambient temperature changes $\leq \pm (0.1 \% \text{ of the range } / 10 \text{ K})$

Averaging time: ≤0.5 s (default)

Nominal operating conditions:

- supply voltage 95...253 V AC 40..400 Hz; 90...300 V DC

20...40 V AC 40...400 Hz, 20...60 V DC

- ambient temperature -10...<u>23</u>...+55 °C

- storage temperature -25...+85 °C

- humidity < 95% (without condensation)

- external magnetic field <u>0..40</u>..400 A/m

- operation position vertical- warm-up time 30 min.

Degree of protection IP:

from the front IP 50

from the terminals IP 20

Test voltage:

2210 V AC rms 1 minute between housing / power supply and:

- RS485
- binary outputs
- analog inputs

1390 V AC rms 1 minute between:

- analog inputs / RS485
- analog inputs / binary outputs
- RS485 / binary outputs

Power consumption: ≤ 13 VA

Weight < 0.4 kg

Dimensions 48 X 144 X 100 mm

EMC compatibility:

- immunity to interference in accordance with EN 61000-6-2
- interference emission in accordance with EN 61000-6-4

Safety requirements:

in accordance with the standard EN 61010-1

insulation between circuits basic
installation category III,
degree of pollution 2,

maximum voltage relative to earth:

for power circuit
 for input circuit
 for other circuits
 300 V
 600 V
 50 V

altitude ASL< 2000 m

12. ORDERING CODES

NA6Plus meter	-	Х	XX	Х	X	X	X	XX	Х	X	
Bar graph colour	three-colour (R, G)	Т			•		•				
	seven-colour (R, G, B)	М	1								
The colour of	red-red										
displays on channels 1 and 2	red-green										
i and z	green-red										
	green-green		GG								
	special *)		XX								
Input signal	universal inputs			U							
	on request *)			Х							
Analog output	none				0						
signals	current 0/420 mA				1						
	voltage 010 V				2						
	2 x current 0/420 mA	3									
	2 x voltage 010 V	4									
	current 0/420 mA and	5									
Alarm outputs	none					0					
	4 relay outputs					4					
	8 OC type outputs					8					
Power supply	95253 V a. c. / d. c.						1				
	2040 V AC 2060 V d. c.						3				
Versions	standard						•	00			
	special *)							XX			
Language	Polish								Р		
	English					Е					
	other *)								Х		
Acceptance tests:	without additional requir					0					
	with quality inspection c				1						
	acc. to customer's requi	irem	ents *)							Х	

^{*}After agreement with the manufacturer

SAMPLE ORDER:

The code NA6Plus-TGGU18100P0 means:

NA6A – NA6A meter T – RG bar graph

GG – display in green colour

U – universal inputs

1 - current output 0/4...20 mA

8 – 8 binary OC outputs 1 – power supply 95..253 V a. c. / d. c.

00 – standard version,

P – Polish language version,

0 – without additional requirements.





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